

Institute of Monitoring of Climatic and Ecological Systems
SB RAS (Tomsk)

Calculation of the thermal diffusivity coefficient of the snow cover for the snow temperature measurement

E.A. Makeev
E.A. Dyukarev
S.A. Kurakov

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Temperature sensors

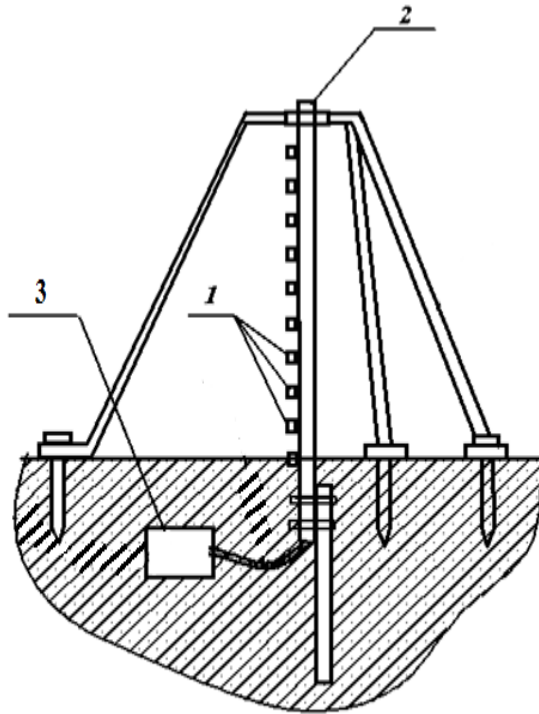


Figure 1: 1- digital thermometers; 2 – rail; 3 – device.

Technique of calculating

The heat transfer equation:

$$\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial t} = \alpha \frac{\partial^2 \Phi}{\partial x^2}$$

Φ – the temperature, °C; t – time;

x – the coordinate of the snow cover depth;

$\alpha = \lambda_s / (c \cdot \rho_s)$ – the coefficient of thermal diffusivity, ρ_s – density, c – heat capacity.

Finite differences form

$$\frac{\Phi_m^{n+1} - \Phi_m^n}{\Delta t} - \alpha \frac{\Phi_{m+1}^{n+1} - 2\Phi_m^{n+1} + \Phi_{m-1}^{n+1}}{\Delta x^2} = 0$$

Initial and boundary conditions

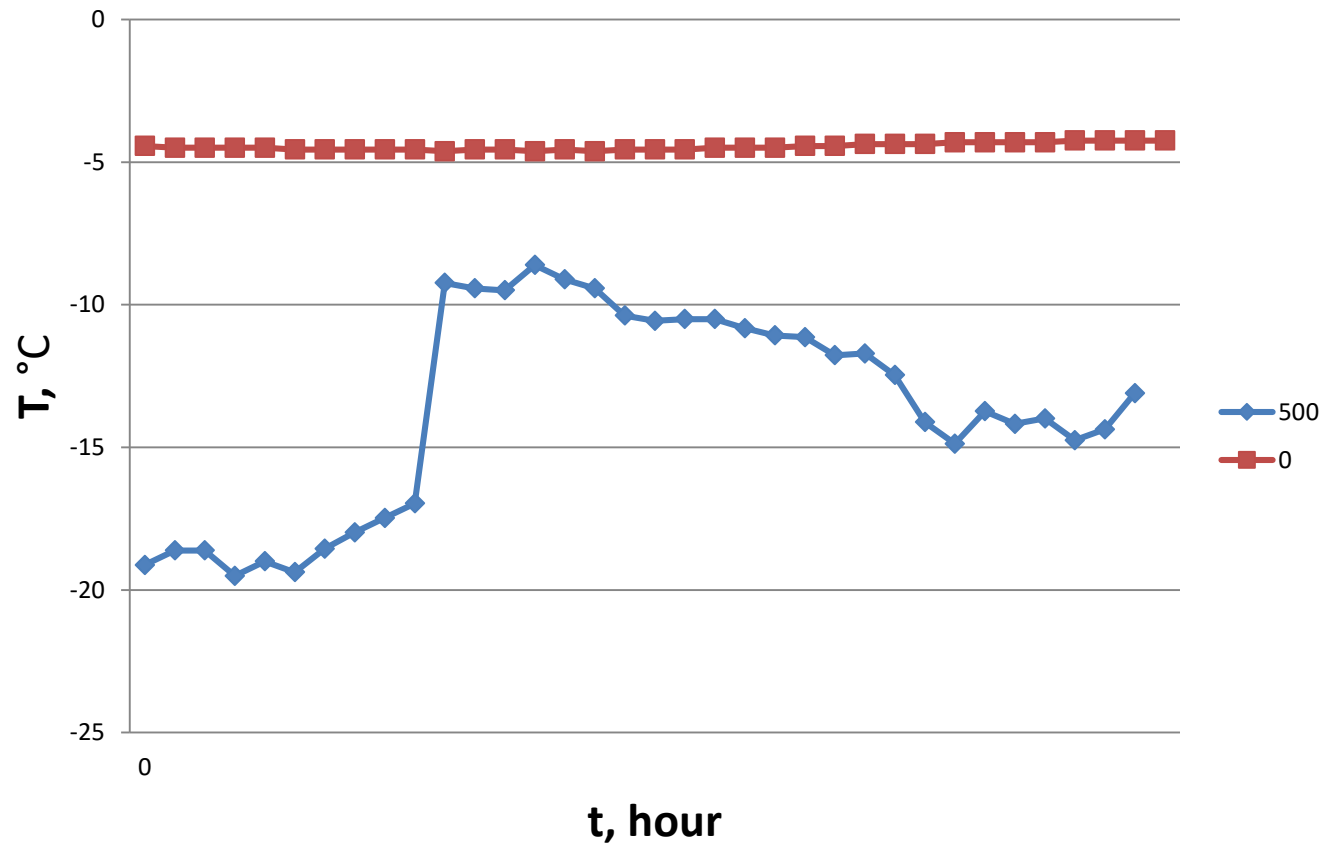
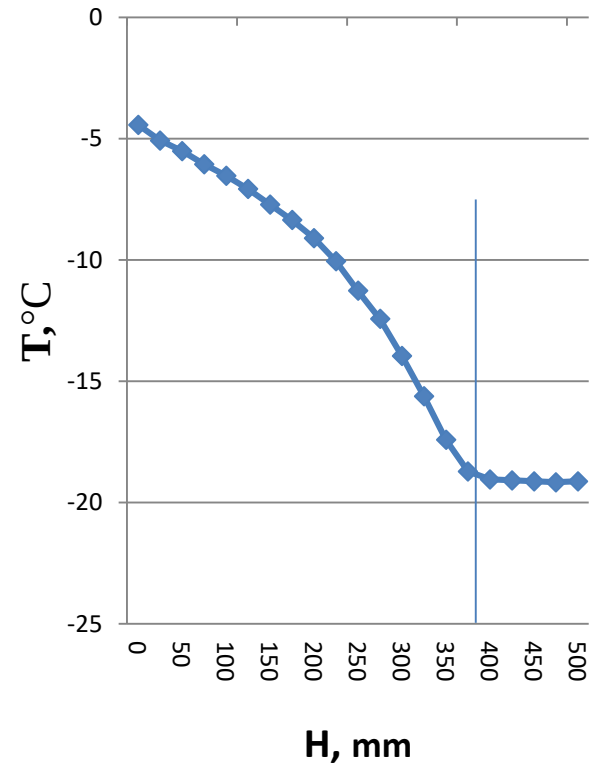
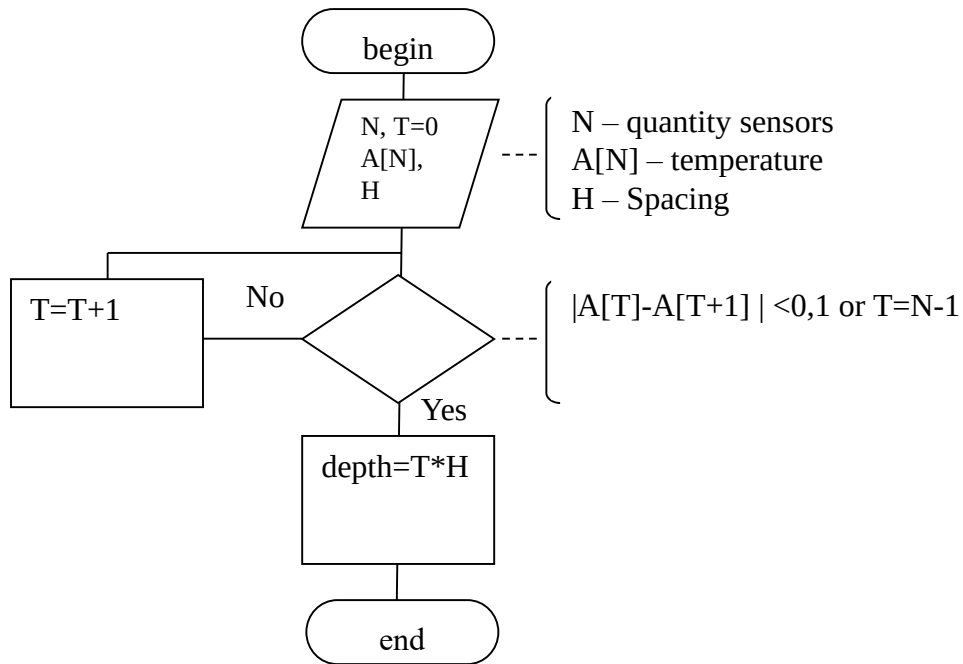


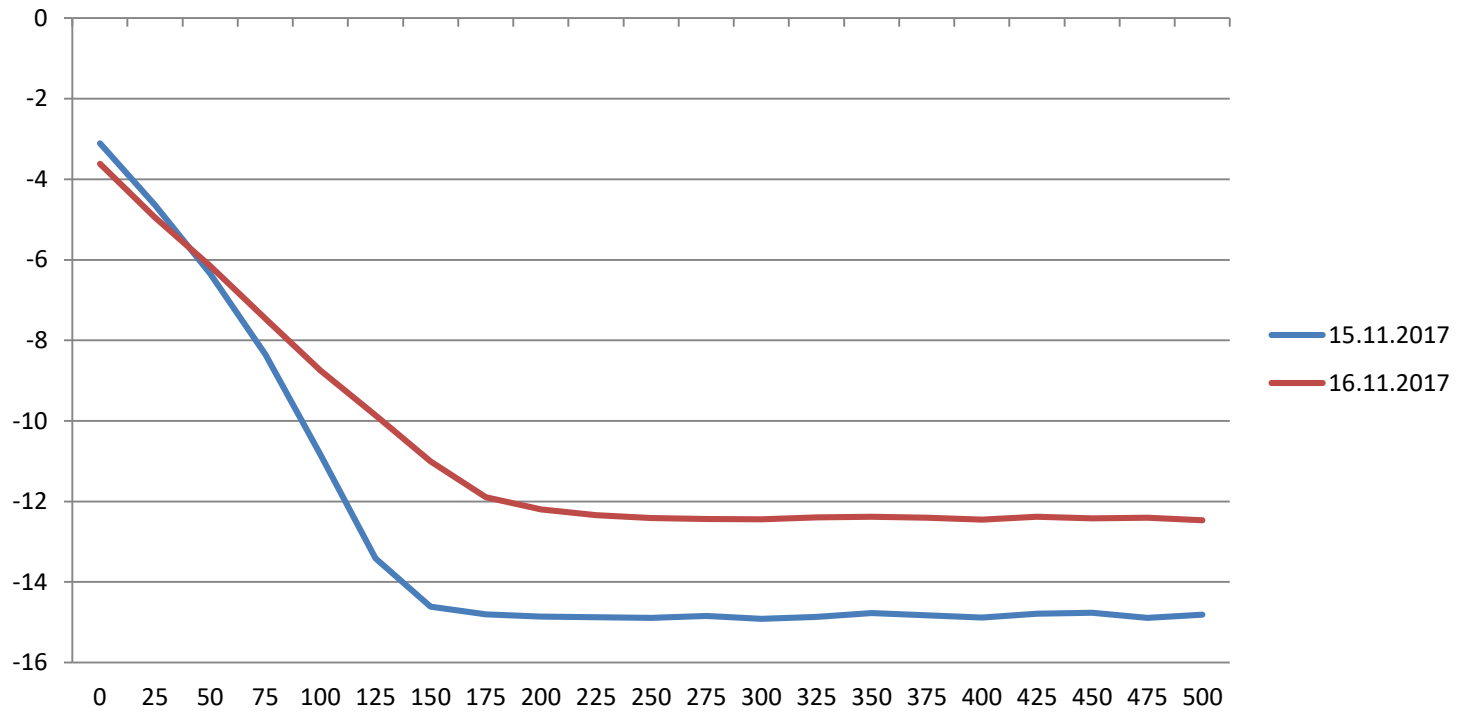
Figure 3: 0 – soil-snow interface ; 500 – snow-air interface.

algorithm

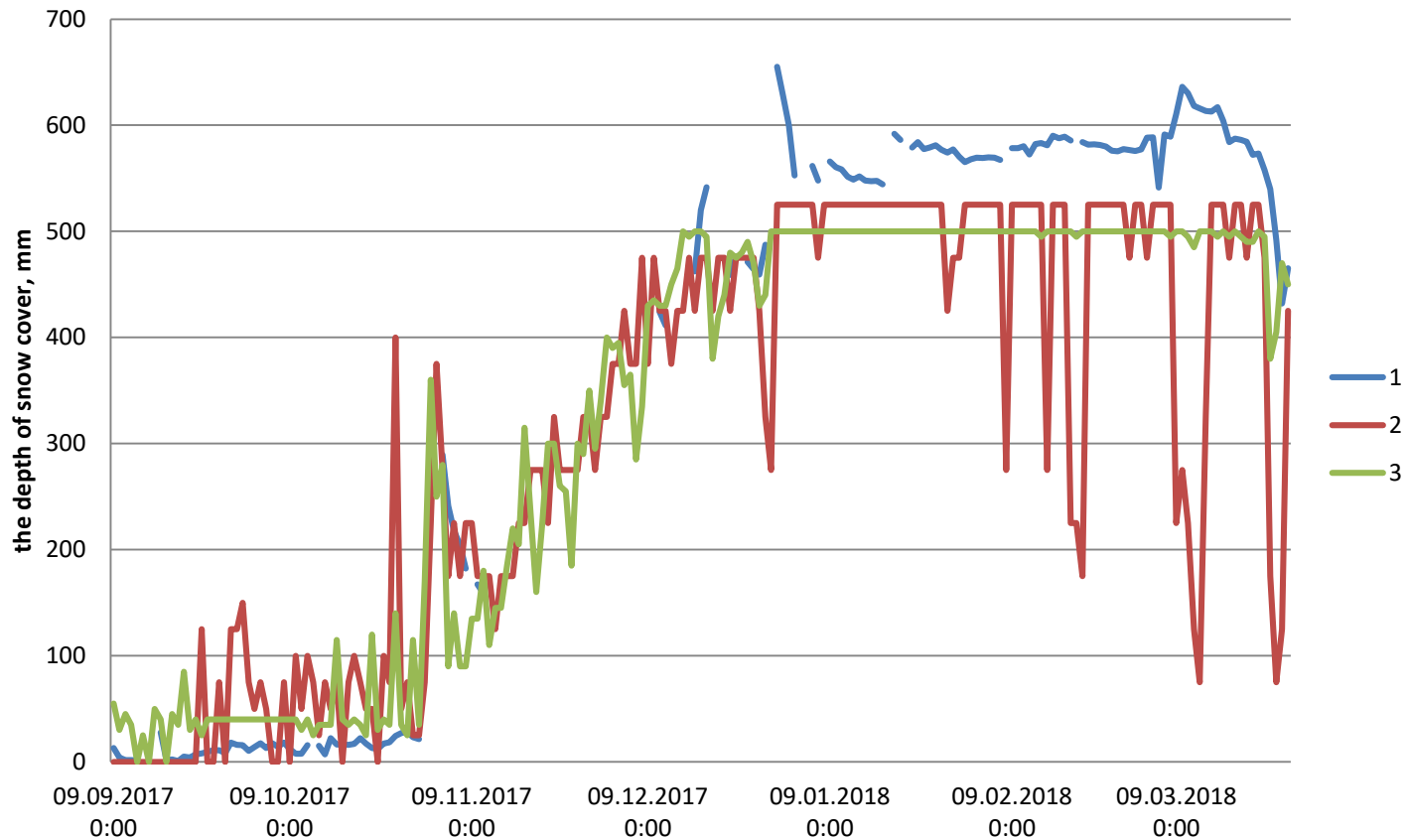


Vertical line is the snow-air interface

snow temperature

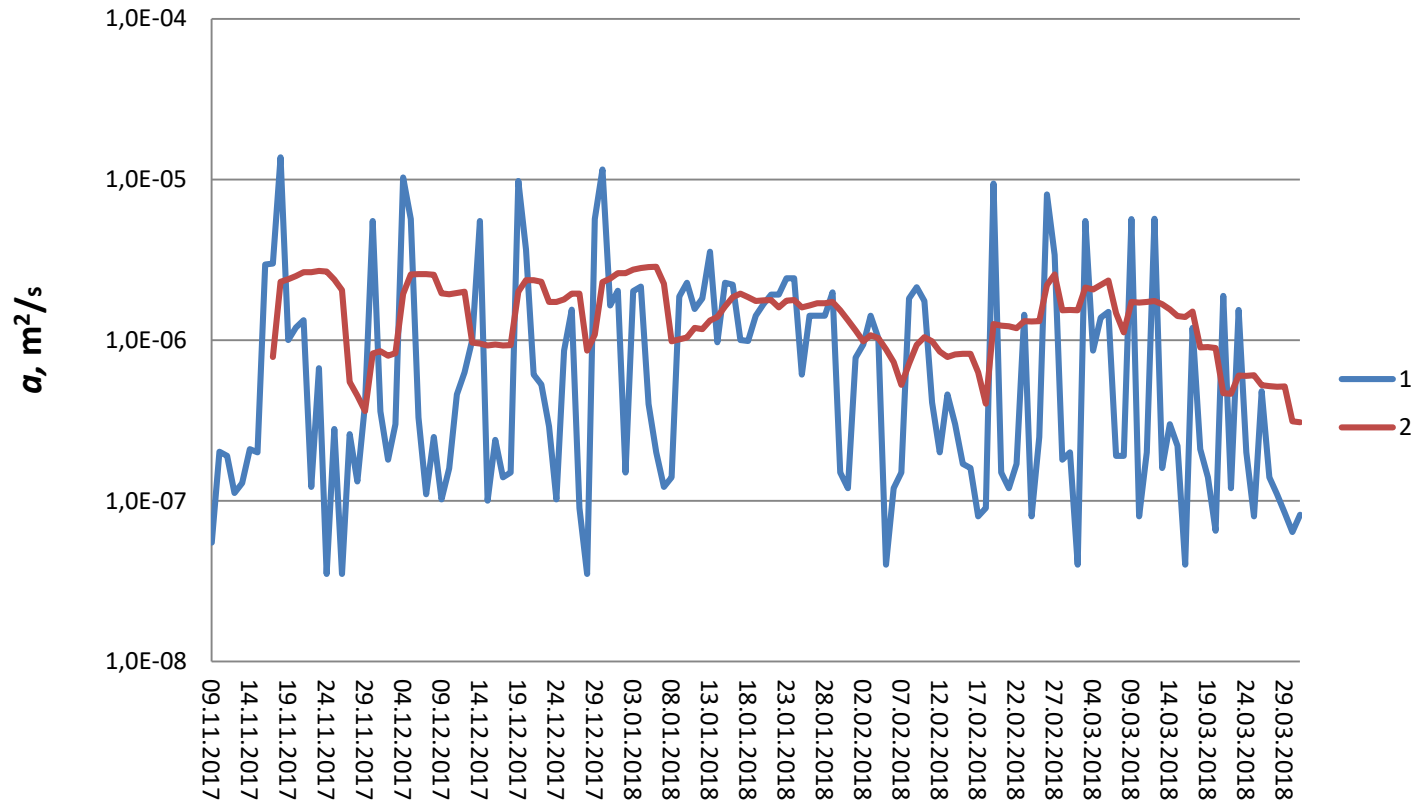


snow cover depth



- 1 – ultrasonic sensor;
- 2 – calculations of preliminary algorithm.
- 3 – upper boundary condition

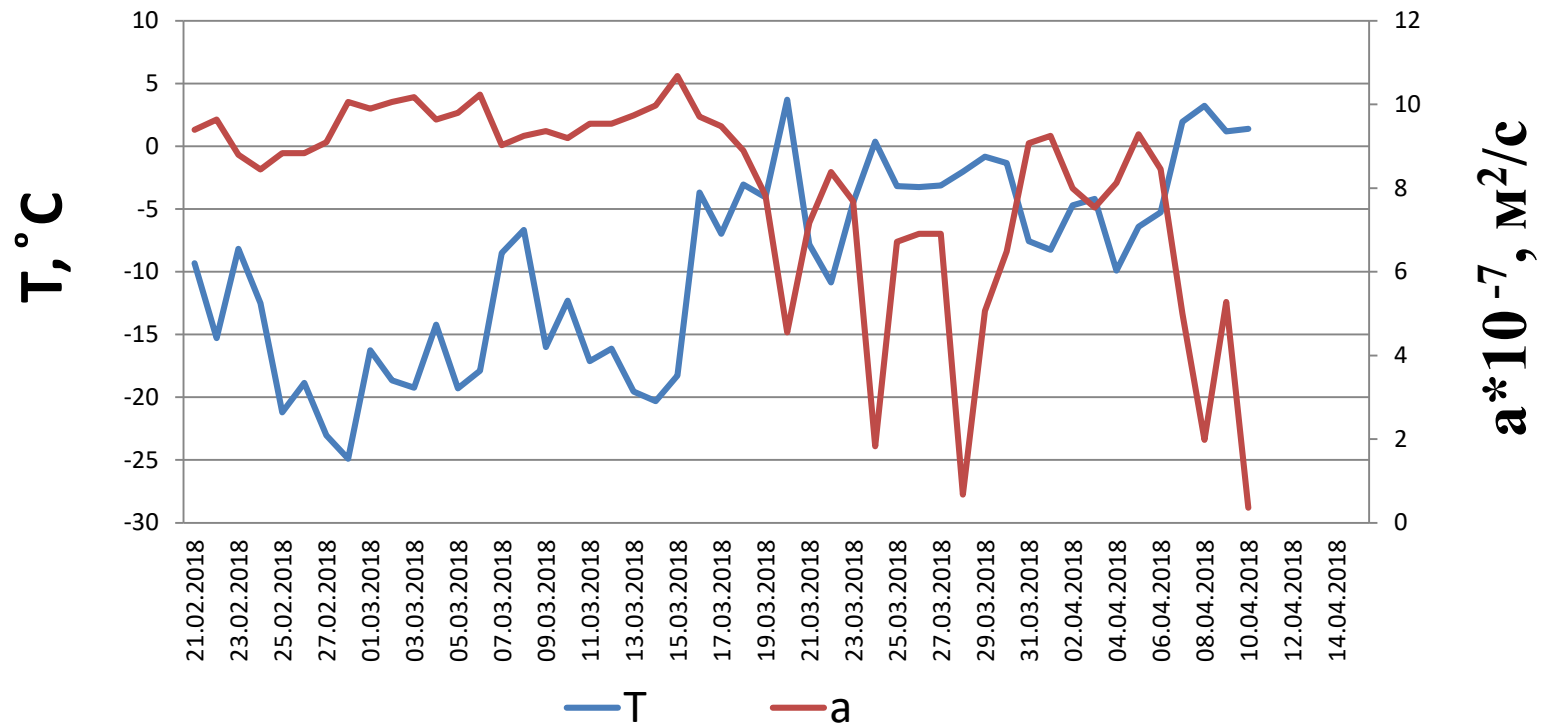
Results of the thermal diffusivity coefficient



1 – Results of calculating

2 – moving average

Results of the thermal diffusivity coefficient



T – Air temperature;
a – thermal diffusivity coefficient

Thank you for attention